

MATH 147 Review: The Modulus

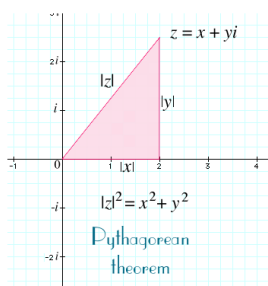
Facts to Know

The Modulus for Real Numbers

Let x be a real number,

$$\text{Define } |x| := \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x \geq 0 \\ -x & \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

The Modulus for Complex Numbers



$$\text{Let } z = x + yi$$

$$\text{Define } |z| := \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

Basic Properties

- nonnegativity
- definiteness
- homogeneity

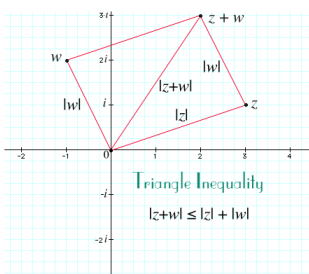
$$\text{Let } z = x + yi, \quad w = a + bi$$

$$|z| \geq 0$$

$$|z| = 0 \quad \text{if and only if} \quad z = 0 + 0i$$

$$|z \cdot w| = |z| \cdot |w|$$

Triangle Inequality



$$|z+w| \leq |z| + |w|$$

Reverse Triangle Inequality

$$||z| - |w|| \leq |z+w|$$

↑
for reals

↑
for complex numbers

Examples

1. Compute $|z + w|$, $|z|$, and $|w|$ where $z = 1 - 3i$ and $w = 1 + 4i$. Verify that the triangle inequality and the reverse triangle inequality hold.

$$| |z| - |w| | \leq |z + w| \leq |z| + |w|$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{i) } |z + w| &= |(1 - 3i) + (1 + 4i)| = |2 + 1i| = \sqrt{2^2 + 1^2} \\ &= \sqrt{4 + 1} = \sqrt{5} \\ |z| &= |1 - 3i| = \sqrt{1^2 + (-3)^2} = \sqrt{1 + 9} = \sqrt{10} \\ |w| &= |1 + 4i| = \sqrt{1^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{1 + 16} = \sqrt{17} \\ | \sqrt{10} - \sqrt{17} | &\stackrel{?}{\leq} \sqrt{5} \stackrel{?}{\leq} \sqrt{10} + \sqrt{17} \end{aligned}$$

2. Compute $|z \cdot w|$ where $z = 1 - 3i$ and $w = 1 + 4i$.

$$\begin{aligned} z \cdot w &= (1 - 3i)(1 + 4i) \\ &= (1 + 12) + (-3 + 4)i \\ &= 13 + i \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |z \cdot w| &= |13 + 1i| = \sqrt{13^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{169 + 1} \\ &= \sqrt{170} = \sqrt{17 \cdot 10} \\ &= |z| \cdot |w| = \sqrt{10} \cdot \sqrt{17} = \sqrt{170} \end{aligned}$$